

Errata for Latin Primer A

Nota Bene: The corrections below do not contain macron corrections, but only spelling corrections. This list contains most, but not all corrections. Version 3.0 (coming in May 2006) contains all macron and spelling corrections.

Page	Error	Correction
2	facing page	memory page
6	one person, place, thing or idea	one person
7	8. mta	8. meta
9	sum, esse, fui	sum, esse, fui, futurum
9	I am, to be, I was	I am, to be, I was, about to be
17	germina	germana
29	oppugare	oppugnare
30	facing page	memory page
32	oppugare	oppugnare
33	direction object	direct object
37	aedifici	aedificii
37	praemi	praemii
37	benefici	beneficii
45	look at the chart above	look at the chart on the memory page
45	because adjectives nouns	because nouns
46	Give the present tense verb endings	Give the adjective endings
47	sum, esse, fui	sum, esse, fui, futurum
47	Give the 2nd declension neuter	Give the adjective endings
48	calm (or bright or cle	calm (or bright or clear)
52	miserus , -a, -um	miser , -a, -um
53	miserus , -a, -um	miser , -a, -um
60	agricola, -ae	agricola, -ae (m)
60	nauta, -ae	nauta, -ae (m)
60	poeta, -ae	poeta, -ae (m)
60	ager. agri	ager. agri (m)
63	video, videre, visi , visum	video, videre, vidi , visum
63	oppugare	oppugnare
63	Give the conjugation of video	Conjugate video
64	Iacta alea est	Alea iacta est
69	over and over under you	over and over until you
71	miserus, -a, -um	miser , -a, -um
75	video, videre, visi, visum	video, videre, vidi , visum
81	doleo, dolere, dolui, doliturus	doleo, dolere, dolui, dolitum
81	I suffer, to suffer, I suffered, about to suffer	I suffer, to suffer, I suffered, suffered
83	Give the present tense	Give the future tense

84	doleo, dolere, dolui, doliturus	doleo, dolere, dolui, doliturum
87	Ventus flat vellum	Ventus flat velum
89	lugeo, lugere, luxi, luctum	lugeo, lugere, luxi
89	I grieve, to grieve, I grieved, grieved	I grieve, to grieve, I grieved
92	doleo, dolere, dolui, doliturus	doleo, dolere, dolui, doliturum
94	Discipulus ad aedificium spectat	Nauta ad insulam navigat
97	doleo, dolere, dolui, doliturus	doleo, dolere, dolui, doliturum
99	remain	remain, mansion
113	Amicus erit	Amicus eris
113	Vir pueri erant	Viri pueri erant
113	Femina puellae erant	Feminae puellae erant
114	Pater ambulat ante casam	Pater ambulat ob casam
120	anteo, antire	anteo, anteire
123	from, by	from, by, away from
127	I am absent, to be absent, I was absent, absent	I am absent, to be absent, I was absent, about to absent
127	I am present, to be present, I was present, present	I am present, to be present, I was present, about to be present
128	principle parts	principal parts
135	The master walks in the forum	The master walks into the forum
75	video, videre, visi , visum	video, videre, vidi , visum
140	Direct Object (DO) A noun that renames the subject...	Direct Object (DO) A noun that received the action of a verb.
140	Predicate Nominative (PrN) A noun that received the action of a verb.	Predicate Nominative (PrN) A noun that renames the subject...
141	vids	vides
151	from, by	from, by, away from
153	sum, esse, fui	sum, esse, fui, futurum
153	I am, to be, I was	I am, to be, I was, about to be
155	oppugare	oppugnare
159	doleo, dolere, dolui, doliturus	doleo, dolere, dolui, doliturum
163	from, by	from, by, away from
163	I am absent, to be absent, I was absent, absent	I am absent, to be absent, I was absent, about to absent
165	doleo, dolere, dolui, doliturus	doleo, dolere, dolui, doliturum
165	dubito, dupitare	dubito, dubitare
166	exeo, exire, exivi	exeo, exire, exii
167	moneo, monere, monui, mansum	moneo, monere, monui, monitum
169	sum, esse, fui	sum, esse, fui, futurum

A. TRANSLATION (NEW AND REVIEW VOCABULARY):

- 1. amō _____
- 2. rēgnia _____
- 3. vīa _____
- 4. patria _____
- 5. fabula _____
- 6. amātis _____
- 7. intrant _____
- 8. nārrās _____
- 9. labōrāmus _____
- 10. dat _____
- 11. In principiō erat Verbum _____

B. CHANT:

Give the present tense verb endings and label the boxes

-ō	



C. GRAMMAR:

- 1. The number of a verb answers the question “ _____ ?”
- 2. Latin is a language of many _____ and fewer _____.
- 3. Write the ending that fits the description below:

Description	Ending
1st person singular	
3rd person plural	
2nd person singular	

- 4. To _____ a verb is to _____ all of its _____.

D. DERIVATIVES:

- 1. To find out about dinosaurs you must dig up a _____ (fossa)
- 2. To find out what happens next in the story, turn the _____ (pāgina)

CHAPTER 3

UNIT I

MEMORY PAGE:

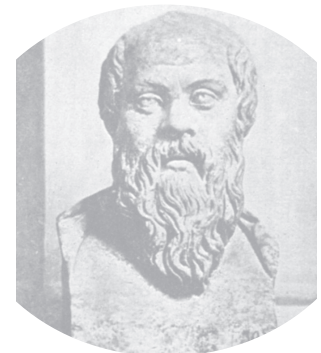
CHAPTER MAXIM: *Arma virumque cantō*
(Of arms and the man I sing—Vergil's Aeneid)

NEW CHANT: Declension of **mēnsa**

Case	Noun Job	Singular	Plural
Nominative	SN, PrN	mēnsa-"table"	mēnsae-"tables"
Genitive	PNA	mēnsae-"of the table"	mēnsārum-"of the tables"
Dative	IO	mēnsae-"to, for the table"	mēnsīs-"to, for the tables"
Accusative	DO, OP	mēnsam-"the table"	mēnsās-"the tables"
Ablative	OP	mēnsā-"by, with, from the table"	mēnsīs-"by, with, from the tables"

VOCABULARY

LATIN	ENGLISH
errō, errāre, errāvī, errātum	I wander, to wander, I wandered, wandered
stō, stāre, stetī, stātum	I stand, to stand, I stood, stood
parō, parāre, parāvī, parātum	I prepare, to prepare, I prepared, prepared
spectō, spectāre, spectāvī, spectātum	I look at, to look at, I looked at, seen
sum, esse, fuī, futūrum	I am, to be, I was, about to be
ancilla, ancillae	maid-servant
glōria, glōriae	glory
īra, irae	anger
unda, undae	wave
fenestra, fenestrae	window



A. TRANSLATION (NEW AND REVIEW VOCABULARY):

- 1. *errō* _____
- 2. *spectō* _____
- 3. *stō* _____
- 4. *īra* _____
- 5. *undae* _____
- 6. *fossa* _____
- 7. *cēnae* _____
- 8. *patria* _____
- 9. *mēnsae* _____
- 10. *via* _____
- 11. *Arma virumque cantō!* _____

B. CHANT:

Fill in the endings and translate the forms of *mēnsa* given below:

CASE	SINGULAR	PLURAL
Nominative	<i>mēns</i> _____	<i>mēns</i> _____
Genitive	<i>mēns</i> _____	<i>mēns</i> _____
Dative	<i>mēns</i> _____	<i>mēns</i> _____
Accusative	<i>mēns</i> _____	<i>mēns</i> _____
Ablative	<i>mēns</i> _____	<i>mēns</i> _____



C. GRAMMAR:

- 1. A _____ names a _____, _____, _____ or _____.
- 2. Singular and _____ are the two options for _____.
- 3. "Number" answers the question " _____?"
- 4. Masculine, _____ and neuter are the three options for _____.
- 5. Giving all of the endings for a verb is called "conjugating" it, whereas listing all the forms of a noun is called _____ it.

D. DERIVATIVES:

- 1. If you study, you should _____ to do well. (*spectō*)
- 2. To _____ something is to throw it out the window. (*fenestra*, preceded by *dē* for "out")

CHAPTER 4

UNIT I



MEMORY PAGE:

CHAPTER MAXIM: *Arma virumque cantō*
(Of arms and the man I sing—Vergil's Aeneid)

NEW CHANT: First Declension Noun Endings

	Singular	Plural
Nominative	-a	-ae
Genitive	-ae	-ārum
Dative	-ae	-īs
Accusative	-am	-ās
Ablative	-ā	-īs

VOCABULARY

LATIN	ENGLISH
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puella, puellae	girl
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fēmina, fēminae	woman
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filia, filiae	daughter
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germāna, germānae	sister
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magistra, magistrae	female teacher
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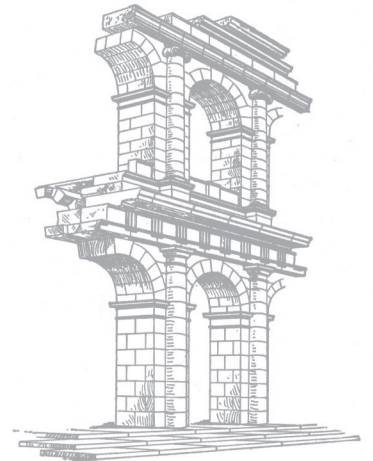
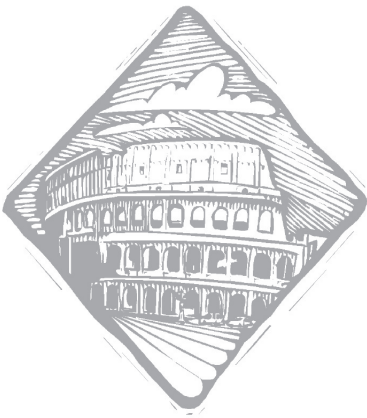
discipula, discipulae	female student
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domina, dominae	female master
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famula, famulae	female servant
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serva, servae	female slave
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amīca, amīcae	female friend
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A. TRANSLATION (NEW AND REVIEW VOCABULARY):

- 1. discipula: _____
- 2. ancilla: _____
- 3. domina: _____
- 4. ira: _____
- 5. fenestra: _____
- 6. puella: _____
- 7. spectō: _____
- 8. germāna: _____
- 9. magistra: _____
- 10. fēmina: _____
- 11. Arma virumque cantō _____

B. CHANT:

Fill in the 1st declension endings and label the boxes with the missing labels:

		PLURAL
Genitive	-ae	
Accusative		

C. GRAMMAR:

- 1. What does the case of a noun tell us?
- 2. What are the options for case?
- 3. Give the present tense verb endings.



D. DERIVATIVES:

- 1. Someone who is acting _____ is behaving as we would expect a woman to behave. (fēmina)
- 2. A _____ woman is a woman who is in control. (domina)