## problem set 27

The cosine of 60° is 1/2, and the cosine is positive in the fourth quadrant. Therefore, we can write

$$\cos 300^\circ = \cos 60^\circ = \frac{1}{2}$$

Therefore, we have cos 300° = 1/2. Since we want 5/3 cos 300°, we multiply by 5/3. Therefore, we have

$$\frac{5}{3}\cos 300^\circ = \frac{5}{3}\cdot \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{6}$$

problem set 27

- 1. Next year George will be twice as old as Marshall will be then. Five years ago George was 8 times as old as Marshall was then. What are their ages now?
- 2. Marie can eat the entire cake in 10 minutes. Antoinette joins her after 3 minutes, and together they eat the rest of the cake in 4 minutes. How long would it have taken Antoinette to eat the entire cake alone?
- 3. Matilda was dismayed when she found out that it would take 2 workers 3 days to do 6 jobs. So she hired 4 more workers. Now how many days will it take all the workers to complete 6 jobs?
- 4. The number of reds was 11 fewer than the sum of the blues and whites. The number of whites was 3 fewer than the sum of the reds and blues. How many of each were there if the number of whites was 1 greater than the number of blues?
- 5. Acoms varied directly as walnuts and inversely as squirrels squared. When there were 28 acorns, there were 7 walnuts and 3 squirrels. How many acorns were there when there were 4 walnuts but only 2 squirrels?
- 6. Find the equation of the line which passes through (2,-1) and is parallel to the line 3y - 2x + 1 = 0.
- 7. Write 7 = 3k in logarithmic form.
- 8. Write log<sub>m</sub> 8 = n in exponential form.

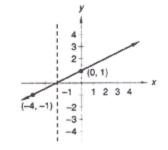
Solve:

9. 
$$\log_b 64 = 3$$
 10.  $\log_3 \frac{1}{27} = n$  11.  $\log_{1/2} a = -2$ 

12. Sketch the graphs of the functions:

(a)  $f(x) = 5^x$ 

13. The equation of the function whose graph is shown is  $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 1$ . We have placed dots at (0, 1) and (-4, -1) because the y coordinate has a value of 1 or -1 at these points and the graph of the reciprocal function will also pass through these points. The graph of the reciprocal function will have a vertical asymptote at x = -2, as we have indicated by the dotted line. Make a sketch of the graph of the reciprocal function g(x) =



(b)  $g(x) = \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{2}$